MOTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2255 TO VACATE, SET ASIDE, OR CORRECT SENTENCE BY A PERSON IN FEDERAL CUSTODY

nited States District Court	District Southern Dis	strict of New York	
ame: SAMARTH AGRAWAL		Docket or Case No.: 10 Cr. 417 (JSR)	
ace of Confinement: RELEASED	Prisor	ner No.:	
NITED STATES OF AMERICA	Movant (<u>include</u> na	ume under which convicted)	
мо	TION		
(a) Name and location of court that entered the judge UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOL			
(b) Criminal docket or case number (if you know):	1:10CR0417-01(JSR)		
(a) Date of the judgment of conviction (if you know	(a) Date of the judgment of conviction (if you know): 11/19/2010		
Length of sentence: 36 MONTHS			
Nature of crime (all counts): COUNT 1: 18 U.S.C. (a)(2) AND (a)(4)	THEFT OF TRADES		
COUNT 2: 18 U.S.C. 2314 TRANSPORTATI FOREIGN COMMERCE	ON OF STOLEN PRO	PERTY IN INTERSTATE AND	
(a) What was your plea? (Check one) (1) Not guilty XXXXXX (2) Guilty (b) If you entered a guilty plea to one count or indicate what did you plead guilty to and what did you plead	tment, and a not guilty p		
If you went to trial, what kind of trial did you have	•	Jury XXXXXX Judge only G Yes XXXXXX No G	

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8.	Did you appeal from the judgment of conviction?	Yes E XXXXX	No G
9.	If you did appeal, answer the following:		
	(a) Name of court: UNITED STATES COURT OF	FAPPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCL	JIT
	(b) Docket or case number (if you know): 11-1074	4-CR	
	(c) Result: AFFIRMED (Judge Pooler concurs in	n part and dissents in part in a separate	opinion)
	(d) Date of result (if you know): 08/01/2013	(Argued: 06/21/2012, Decided: 08/01/2	013)
	(e) Citation to the case (if you know): United Sta	ites v. Agrawal, 726 F.3d 235 (2d. Cir. 20	013)
	(f) Grounds raised: 1. The instruction on Count		
	18 U.S.C. § 1832. (a. The instruction permitted	a conviction for conduct committed wit	hout the requisite intent).
	(b. The Court failed to instruct the Jury that known	owledge was an element of the crime).	
	2. The instruction on Count Two was not accur	rate or complete as to the Elements of 1	8 U.S.C. § 2314.
	(a. Instruction relieved the government of any	burden of proof on whether the code wa	as 'goods wares or
	merchandise) 3. The trading system is not a "p	product that is produced for or placed in	' interstate commerce.
	4. There is no way to conclude that the EEA co	onviction is not based on the Theory Re	jected in Aleynikov
	(g) Did you file a petition for certiorari in the Unit	ed States Supreme Court? Yes X	No G
	If "Yes," answer the following:		
	(1) Docket or case number (if you know): 13-	-8527	
	(2) Result: Petition DENIED		
	(3) Date of result (if you know): 03/10/2014		
	(4) Citation to the case (if you know):		
	(5) Grounds raised: (1) The Second Circu	uit's Interpretation of §1832 cannot be r	econciled with
	Supreme Court's precedent, basic pr	inciples of Statutory Construction, or the	Doctorine of Stare
	Decisis. The Second Circuit's decision in	nproperly rested on a theory not preser	nted at trial and it
	misconstrued the Statute's Jurisdictional F	Requirements. (II) The Supreme Court	should grant review to
	address the meaning and enforcement of	18 U.S.C. §2314. (III) Second Circuit's	conclusion that neither
	conviction may be based on an invalid the	eory is wrong. (IV) The National Stolen F	Property Act's (NSPA) terms
	"Goods, Wares & Merchandise" are limited to ta	angible items that are offered for sale in	marketplace (Amicus brief)
10	Other than the direct appeals listed above, have yo	ou previously filed any other motions, petit	ions, or
apı	olications concerning this judgment of conviction in	any court?	
	Yes G No SXXXXX		
11	. If your answer to Question 10 was "Yes," give the	e following information:	
	(a) (1) Name of court:	-	
	(2) Docket or case number (if you know):		
	(3) Date of filing (if you know):		
	(4) Nature of the proceeding:		

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(6) Did you receive a hea	aring where evidence was given on your motion, petition, application?
Yes G No G	
(7) Result:	
	ı know):
	notion, petition, or application, give the same information:
(1) Name of court:	
	per (if you know):
	ı know):
	eding:
• •	
	lication?
(6) Did you receive a he	earing where evidence was given on your motion, petition, or application?
Yes G No G	à
Yes G No G (7) Result:)
Yes G No G (7) Result: (8) Date of result (if yo	ou know):
Yes G No G (7) Result: (8) Date of result (if yo)
Yes G No G (7) Result: (8) Date of result (if yo	ou know):
Yes G No G (7) Result: (8) Date of result (if you can be determined by the control of t	ou know):
Yes G No G (7) Result: (8) Date of result (if you) (c) Did you appeal to a feder application? (1) First petition: (2) Second petition:	ou know):eral appellate court having jurisdiction the action taken on your motion, petition, of Yes G No G Yes G No G
Yes G No G (7) Result: (8) Date of result (if you) (c) Did you appeal to a feder application? (1) First petition: (2) Second petition:	ou know):eral appellate court having jurisdiction the action taken on your motion, petition, on Yes G No G

12. For this motion, state every ground on which you claim that you are being held in violation of the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States. Attach additional pages if you have more than four grounds. State the <u>facts</u>

supporting each ground.					
GROUND ONE: Trial counsel failed to argue that confidential trading systems cannot, as a matter of law,					
qualify as products supporting Economic Espionage Act (EEA) jurisdiction.					
(a) Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):					
Prior to the trial, Aleynikov (in United States v. Aleynikov) argued that confidential trading systems were not a product produced for or					
placed in interstate commerce and therefore cannot, as a matter of law, qualify as products supporting EEA jurisdiction. This theory was the basis for reversing					
Aleynikov's conviction (on the same day the appeal was argued). Trial counsel failed to raise or preserve this argument at trial even though when this argument					
happened (well before the trial began) I shared a copy of the same motion with trial counsel which he dismissed as "merely a stone" while he was interested					
in a "silver bullet". Trial counsel failed to raise any arguments regarding the legal sufficiency of the EEA count due to which the government was able to claim on appearance.					
that the code was "related to" the securities, which was the basis for affirming the conviction. During the trial, sentencing, and the first direct appeal the Government					
consistently argued that the "computer code" was the product. Then after the issue of opinion in Aleynikov the Government argued (in a supplemental brief) that it					
had an "an additional, alternate theory" that the product was the "securities traded" and the theft was of the "massive volumes of paper" on which it was printed.					
Had trial counsel litigated these issues before, there would have been no ambiguity about what theory the government had relied upon or what theory the jury had					
based its decisions upon.					
(b) Direct Appeal of Ground One: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes G No XXXXXX (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why: IAC Claims not raised on direct appeal					
(c) Post-Conviction Proceedings:					
(1) Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application? Yes G No XXXXXX					
(2) If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:					
Type of motion or petition:					
Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:					
Docket or case number (if you know):					
Date of the court's decision:					
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):					

(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application?

Yes G No G

	Yes G No G
	(5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?
	Yes G No G
	(6) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state:
	Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:
•	Docket on cose number (if you know):
	Docket or case number (if you know): Date of the court's decision:
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):
	(7) If your answer to Question (c)(4) or Question (c)(5) is "No," explain why you did not appeal or raise this issue:
	OUND TWO: Trial counsel failed to raise any argument about whether intangible computer code would be the piect of liability under the National Stolen Property Act (NSPA).
. ,	Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.): I never raised the argument that intangible computer code could not be the subject of liability under NSPA. In the Indictment and during the trial the Government
-	was the hugely valuable computer code which was moved from the office in New York to the apartment in New Jersey. Even in the jury charge the District Court instructed the
order to convict	the defendant of the NSPA offense, the first thing it needed to find was that he "transported, transmitted, or transferred across state lines some of Societe Generale's property
pecifically, some	or all of the computer code used by Societe Generale in its high-frequency trading operation." Trial counsel failed to argue or preserve that intangible code could not be subje
liability under the	NSPA. This allowed the Government to argue on appeal that it was actually the stolen sheets of paper which were the subject of the offense, even though that was contrary
what is in the jur	y charge.
(b)	Direct Appeal of Ground Two:
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue?
	Yes G No EXXXXX
	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why: IAC Claims not raised on direct appeal

(1)	Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application?			
	Yes G No X6XXXXX			
(2)	If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:			
Ту	pe of motion or petition:			
Na	Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:			
Do	Docket or case number (if you know):			
Da	tte of the court's decision:			
Re	esult (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):			
(3)	Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application?			
	Yes G No G			
(4)	Did you appeal from the denial of your motion, petition, or application?			
	Yes G No G			
(5)	If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?			
	Yes G No G			
(6)	If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state:			
Na	ame and location of the court where the appeal was filed:			
Do	ocket or case number (if you know):			
Da	ate of the court's decision:			
Re	esult (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):			
— (7)) If your answer to Question (c)(4) or Question (c)(5) is "No," explain why you did not appeal or raise this			
_	sue:			
ROL	JND THREE: Trial counsel failed to object to, or even recognize, numerous errors in the jury charge. (I) Knowledge as an Element of §1832(a)(
ry cha	arge regarding Goods, Wares or Merchandize and (III) No instruction given regarding the valuation of the stolen property.			
-	pporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):			

authorization.

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(II) Jury charge regarding Goods, Wares or Merchandize §2314 requires that jury find that computer code was "goods, wares, or merchandise" that was stolen and Page 8	
transported in commerce. The standard jury instruction on this element, which was not given in this case, clearly describes the jury's task, stating: "The first thing you must determine is	
whether the property described in the indictment constitutes goods, wares or merchandise. "Goods, wares or merchandise" means personal property which has some sort of tangible	
existence and which is ordinarily a subject of commerce." L. Sand, 3 Modern Federal Jury Instructions (Criminal), Instruction 54-23. But at my trial, the district court instructed the jury that in	
order to convict Agrawal of the NSPA offense, the first thing it needed to find was that he "transported, transmitted, or transferred across state lines some of Société Générale's property –	
all of the computer code used by Société Générale in its high-frequency trading operation." So basically trial counsel never objected to the fact that this was a direct verdict on an element of t	he
offense. On appeal, the Government conceded the error and claimed merely that it was not "plain error". Not only this, trial counsel did not even object to the fact that the Court directed a verd	ict
hat intangible source code were "goods, wares or merchandise" under the NSPA which is a theory that has been rejected in Aleynikov.	
(III) No instruction given regarding the valuation of the stolen property. §2314 requires it to be proven that the code had a value of \$ 5000 or more. The statute in itself does not specify any	
(b) Direct Appeal of Ground Three: (a) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? (b) Direct Appeal of Ground Three: (c) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? (d) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why: (e) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why: (b) Direct Appeal of Ground Three: (c) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? (d) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why: (e) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why: (f) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal.	
(c) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application?	
Yes G No EXXXXX	
(2) If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:	
Type of motion or petition:	
Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:	
Docket or case number (if you know):	
Date of the court's decision:	
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):	
(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application? Yes G No G	
(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion, petition, or application?	
Yes G No G	
(5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?	
Yes G No G	
(6) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state:	
Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:	
Docket or case number (if you know):	
Date of the court's decision:	

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	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):						
	(7) If your answer to Question (c)(4) or Question (c)(5) is "No," explain why you did not appeal or raise this issue:						
	ROUND FOUR: Trial counsel gave bad legal advice to pursue trial based on his faulty defense theory that liability was limited to the allegations in the "to wit" clause of						
the	indictment, a theory which this Court rejected as — "an absurdity".						
	Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):s before trial, trial counsel suggested that he "finally had an epiphany" that the Government "made a huge mistake" in the indictment by limiting the to-wit clause to the act						
of printin	g and removing the code from the bank's building. According to him, defense's liability was limited to the to-wit clause and thereby to the actions and timings mentioned only						
in point n	number 19 and 21 of the indictment. Based on this theory counsel suggested me to take the stand and testify. During my testimony this Court rejected the defense's theory						
discussed	d during a side-bar conversation between the Court and the trial counsel), calling it — "an absurdity". It was also reflected in the changed jury instructions that the Court						
repared o	during a short break. Even after knowing the Court's opinion trial counsel continued with the same theory of defense and with my testimony hoping that "he can change the						
udge's m	ind during the course of rest of the trial". Trial counsel's "strategic decision to challenge nothing about the case except the Government's ability to prove Agrawal's culpability a						
ne precise	e time he copied and removed the computer code printouts" (quoting the Second Circuit's decision) as simply unreasonable and amounted to presenting no defense at all						
o the com	plex charges in this case. Contrary to objecting to the jury instructions trial counsel, due to his deficient comprehension of the law, had me take the stand, testify, and admit						
he eleme	ents of the offense, as they were understood at the time.						
(b) Direct Appeal of Ground Four:						
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue?						
	Yes G No KXXXXX						
	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:						
(c) Post-Conviction Proceedings:						
	(1) Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application? Yes G No EXXXXX						
	(2) If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:						
	Type of motion or petition:						
	Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:						
	Docket or case number (if you know):						
	Date of the court's decision:						

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R	esult (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):
(3	3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application? Yes G No G
(4	4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion, petition, or application? Yes G No G
(5	5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal? Yes G No G
(6	5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state:
	Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:
_ 	Pocket or case number (if you know):
	Date of the court's decision:
R	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):
	7) If your answer to Question (c)(4) or Question (c)(5) is "No," explain why you did not appeal or raise this ssue:
-	
	s there any ground in this motion that you have <u>not</u> previously presented in some federal court? If so, which ad or grounds have not been presented, and state your reasons for not presenting them:
_	No ineffective assistance of counsel claims were raised in my direct appeal
_	
-	
	Do you have any motion, petition, or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court for the nent you are challenging? Yes G No &XXXXX
]	if "Yes," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, and the ssues raised.
•	

15. Give the name and address, if known, of each attorney who represented you in the following stages					
idgment you are challer	nging:				
(a) At preliminary h	earing:				
(b) At arraignment a	(b) At arraignment and plea: Sabrina Shroff,				
Federal Defenders	Federal Defenders Office, 52 Duane Street, 10th Floor, New York, NY 10007				
(c) At trial:	Ivan S. Fisher				
	1st Street, New York, NY 10021				
(d) At sentencing:	Ivan S. Fisher				
	11st Street, New York, NY 10021				
(e) On appeal:	Marshall A. Mintz, Esq.				
Mintz & Oppenheim LLP, 260 Madison Avenue, 18 Floor, New York, NY 10016					
(g) On appeal from	(g) On appeal from any ruling against you in a post-conviction proceeding:				
ourt and at the same tin 7. Do you have any fu	ture sentence to serve after you complete the sentence for the judgment that you are				
hallenging? (a) If so, give name	Yes G No X6X e and location of court that imposed the other sentence you will serve in the future:				
	e other sentence was imposed:				
	of the other sentence:				
(d) Have you filed, sentence to be serve	or do you plan to file, any motion, petition, or application that challenges the judgment of the future? Yes G No G				

ne one-year statute of lim	mations as contained in	ii 26 U.S.C. § 2233	does not bar your n	iotion.
JI APPLICABLE				
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			<u></u>	
	11.00			
	Agent Mark .			
	<u></u>			

* The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 ("AEDPA") as contained in 28 U.S.C. § 2255, paragraph 6, provides in part that:

A 1-year period of limitation shall apply to a motion under this section. The limitation period shall run from the latest of —

(1) the date on which the judgment of conviction became final;

(2) the date on which the impediment to making a motion created by governmental action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the movant was prevented from making such a motion by such governmental action;

(3) the date on which the right asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if that right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or

(4) the date on which the facts supporting the claim or claims presented could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence.

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	full arrive relief:
Therefore, movant asks that the Court grant the Vacate the convictions and grant me new to	rial with effective counsel
vacate the convictors and grant me new a	
or any other relief to which movant may be enti	itled.
	·
	Signature of Attorney (if any)
I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under pena	alty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this
Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 was placed in	the prison mailing system on
	(month, date, year). N.F.
Executed (signed) on March 04, 2015	Signature of Movant
If the person signing is not movant, state relat	tionship to movant and explain why movant is not signing this
motion.	
	SAMARTH AGRAWAL
	II-C-60, NEHRU NAGAR
	GHAZIABAD

UTTAR PRADESH (201001)

Phone: +91 - (981) 841 1866

Email: samarth.agrawal@gmail.com

INDIA

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255

- v. -

Docket No. 10 Cr. 417 (JSR)

SAMARTH AGRAWAL

.....X

The Honorable Jed S Rakoff United States District Judge Southern District of New York 500 Pearl Street New York, New York 10007 March 4, 2015

Re: United States v. Agrawal, 10 Cr. 417 (JSR)

Respected Judge Rakoff:

I am filing,pro se,this motion to vacate the conviction and grant me a new trial under § 2255 because of ineffective assistance of counsel before and during trial. I have been released from federal custody in 2012 and am writing this letter from New Delhi, India. Therefore I am not sure whether or not I am considered "in custody" for the purposes of this motion. Hence I seek a *writ of error coram nobis* from this Court.

Respectfully submitted (i.e. mailed out from New Delhi for express delivery in New York) on March 4, 2015.

Singerely,

Samarth Agrawal

II-C-60, Nehru Nagar,

Ghaziabad,

Uttar Pradesh 201001, India

(Email: samarth.agrawal@gmail.com) (Phone No. +91 - (981) 841 1866

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